1. Overview

There are maximum input rise/fall (t\textsubscript{f}/t\textsubscript{r}) requirements for RHMSI products with Schmitt Trigger inputs that are not currently reflected in the products’ datasheets. While the common practice for digital logic parts is to provide fast signal edges at the logic inputs, some applications may attempt to operate with input edge rates below 1μs. Using extremely slow edge rates on RHMSI Schmitt Trigger inputs can lead to anomalous output behavior. The purpose of this Product Advisory is to document this anomalous output condition and provide boundary conditions for the maximum input rise/fall times.

2. Technical Background

Lab characterization shows that an input t\textsubscript{f}/t\textsubscript{r} of approximately 100μs is the threshold for onset of anomalous behavior at the logic output under nominal conditions. Input t\textsubscript{f}/t\textsubscript{r} on the order of 100μs can cause the logic gate output to exhibit slow output transitions, oscillations, and/or indeterminate logic values during the transition time.

3. Input/Output Waveform Plots vs. Input Rise/Fall Time

The following figures show this condition for the UT54ACTS132 Quad 2-Input NAND gate with Schmitt Trigger Inputs. The oscilloscope plots are in descending order from fastest to slowest t\textsubscript{f}/t\textsubscript{r}. Operation was at nominal conditions: VDD = 5.0V, ambient room temperature. The output waveforms show anomalous transitions when the input t\textsubscript{f}/t\textsubscript{r} is approximately 100μs or slower under these conditions. This appears to be the onset of this behavior at nominal conditions. For these conditions and this equipment setup, the anomalous or indeterminate output switching occurred only on the output rising
edge ($t_r$) and was not seen on the falling edge ($t_f$). Based on a review of the circuit topology, under other conditions this behavior will occur on either the output rising or falling edge. Note that the full waveform plots do not show the anomalous output behavior when the oscilloscope is set to a scale of $0.4 \times t_f/t_r (0-100\%)$ to show the complete triangle waveform. The zoomed-in waveform plots at a scale of $2.5\text{ns/div.}$ are required to show detail. Oscilloscope persistence was set to 10s in order to capture several traces.

Figure 1. UT54ACTS132E Quad 2-Input NAND, Schmitt Trigger Inputs: Input (Triangle Wave/Blue) and Output (Pulse/Red) Waveforms Input $tr,tf (0-100\%) = 1\mu s (1\text{Mz}), 5V$. Horizontal scale: 400ns/div.

Figure 2. UT54ACTS132E Quad 2-Input NAND, Schmitt Trigger Inputs: Input/Output Waveforms, Input $tr,tf (0-100\%) = 1\mu s (1\text{Mz}), 5V$ No anomalous output on rising or falling edges. Horizontal scale: 2.5ns/div.
Figure 3. UT54ACTS132E Quad 2-Input NAND, Schmitt Trigger Inputs: Input (Triangle Wave/Blue) and Output (Pulse/Red) Waveforms Input $t_{\text{r}}, t_{\text{f}}$ (0-100%) = 500μs (2kHz), 5V. Horizontal scale: 200μs/div.

Figure 4. UT54ACTS132E Quad 2-Input NAND, Schmitt Trigger Inputs: Input/Output Waveforms, Input $t_{\text{r}}, t_{\text{f}}$ (0-100%) = 500μs (2kHz), 5V. Horizontal scale: 2.5ns/div. Anomalous output on rising edge.
4. Recommended Solutions

Based on measurements and a review of the circuit characteristics, users of RHMSI products with Schmitt Trigger inputs must observe a maximum tr,tf of 1μs (0-100%) in order to avoid the anomalous and indeterminate switching characteristics as described in this Product Advisory under Section 2.
5. Summary and Conclusion

There are maximum input rise/fall (\(t_r/t_f\)) time requirements for RHMSI products with Schmitt Trigger inputs that are not currently reflected in the product’s datasheets. While the common practice for digital logic parts is to provide fast signal edges at the logic inputs, some users may attempt to operate with input edges slower than 1\(\mu\)s (0-100%). Using the RHMSI Schmitt Trigger input parts in this way can lead to anomalous output behavior. Limiting the logic input signal \(t_r/t_f\) to a maximum value of 1\(\mu\)s (0-100%) will avoid this undesired output behavior. Additional UT54ACTS132 measurements have been performed over voltage (V) and temperature (T). Based on all measurements and a review of general circuit characteristics, the maximum value of 1\(\mu\)s (0-100%) is representative of worst-case circuit operation for the RHMSI with Schmitt Trigger input parts. Therefore, these findings and recommendations may be applied to all similar parts in this logic family.